THE

Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From July 18. to July 25. 1734.

Petersburgh, April 11.

AN Expreſs is arrived here from Derbent with Advice, That the 28th of February laſt, the Army of Schack Kouli Kan, had entirely defeated 45000 Turks, which were come to ſuccour the City of Babylon, above 20000 of them being kill'd on the Spot, or taken Priſoners, the reſt finding means to get into the Town, which ſtill remains cloſe blocked up. This Action was very bloody, the Perſians loſing therein about 10000; their General had ſo poſted his Army before the ſaid City, that it was not probable it could hold out much longer.

Lowenburgh in Pomerania, April 21. The Count de Tarlow, Palatine of Lublin, having got together 80 or 90 Colours of Companies of 100 Men each, and joined the Remains of Caſtellan Czerski's Corps, who was beaten at Schwetz the 4th Inſtant, he began his March ſome Days ago, with theſe Troops, and three Regiments upon the German Foot, namely, that of the great General of 400 Men, and thoſe of Dragoons of Farneſe and Buckowski, of 150 Men each; being arrived at Touchel, he was met there by General Sagerski, to whom he propoſed a Truce of ſome Days, under Pretence of exchanging the Priſoners, and told him he was marching towards Hackel: General Sagerski conſented to it, but was ſurprized to hear ſoon after, that the Count de Tarlo was advanced towards Dantzick, and that he had poſted himſelf with his Troops near a Village named Vizevin, two Leagues from hence, and five from Dantzick: He made this Motion, no doubt, in hopes of finding upon the Sea-Coaſt the Troops he expected from France. The Ruſſians having been reinforced with ſome Horſe and Foot, they followed the Polanders, who ſeeing them draw nigh, went to meet them, and found that a Regiment of Dragoons, ſome Coſſacks and Artillery had already paſſed a ſmall River which parted them. The Coſſacks attacked the Polanders, but were repulſed; whereupon the Ruſſians fir'd their Artillery with ſuch Succeſs, that the Left Wing of the Polanders, commanded by the Caſtellan of Lublin, began to give way. The Centre of the Army, which was compoſed of three Regiments upon the German Foot, under the Command of the Count de Tarlo, ſtood their Ground, and even advanced to make themſelves Maſters of the Ruſſian Artillery; but General Sagerski having made a Motion with his Troops, and the three Regiments ſeeing themſelves abandoned, were obliged to follow their Example. All the Poliſh Troops are fled into Brandenburg: 'Tis thought their Loſs is not very conſiderable, the Action having laſted but a ſhort Time.

London, April 20. The following Letter from *Sallee*, gives a deplorable Account of the unheard-of Tyranny under which the miſerable Moors at this Time groan. It is dated from *Sallee, Feb.* 20. and tranſmitted from thence by a Ship to *Marſeilles*; and we are favoured with it by our Correſpondent at *Paris*.

YOU have ſo often aſſured me how agreeable it would be to you to know ſomething of the Affairs of this Kingdom, that I have at length yielded to your friendly Importunities. Had I been ever ſo willing to have ſatisfied your Curioſity, I could not immediately reſolve to do it, in the fear I had of drawing ſome unlucky Diſaſter upon my ſelf at this miſerable Court, if unfortunately my Letter ſhould be intercepted; this Prince being of a very diſtruſtful Temper, often ſacrificing the moſt familiar of his Friends on the ſlighteſt Suſpicions. He has ſought to eſtabliſh his Throne by ſhedding the Blood of his beſt, and I may ſay, the faithfulleſt of his Subjects; none of which dare ſo much as ſpeak of his unheard-of Cruelties. I do not think, however, that this Tyranny can hold long. I ſhould make this Letter too tedious, to mention half of the execrable Crimes of which he is guilty. Let it ſuffice for the preſent, that on the 29th paſt, he cauſed the Throats to be cut off ſeventy-two of the Lords of his Court, in his own Preſence, among whom was the Baſhaw of his Army, all whoſe Eſtates, to a very conſiderable Value he immediately ſeiz'd. The Children of the Baſha, fearing the like Fate with their Father, fled to

ove of the Moſques, where they have hitherto found an Aſylum, but I can't tell how long this Sanctuary will laſt them; for the Day after this Maſſacre, a Captain of one of his Ships, that happened to be forced aſhore, by an Engliſh Ship, upon the Coaſt of this Kingdom, having taken Refuge in another Moſque, was drawn from thence, bound Hand and Foot, and brought before him, and 'twas only by the Interceſſion of the Queen-Mother that his Life was obtained, not without promiſing to equip, at his own Expence, a Ship of equal Force to that which he had loſt. This Captain afterwards informing the King of ſome Misbehaviour of his firſt Miniſter, he was, by his Command dragged at a Mule's Tail, and then unty'd, his Head broke, and his Neck flayed. He is yet alive, but 'tis believed he will die of the Wounds and Bruiſes he has received. From the 30th to the 8th of February the Governors of his Provinces ſend in their uſual Preſents, which amount to, at leaſt, 200 Mules, and from 20 to 25 Quintals of Money, with a golden Sabre. When the Preſent is not ſo conſiderable, the Governor makes an Addition of his Head, which is taken without Mercy; but it is eſteemed a great Act of Grace, when, on ſuch an Occaſion he is only condemned to perpetual Impriſonment. A few Weeks ago, this cruel Prince, upon a meer Suſpicion, killed with his own Hand eight of the Wives of the King his Father, which he kept in his Seraglio. Two Pages about the ſame Time, that had been guilty of a ſmall Fault, he put to Death, and cut off an Arm of a third, but perceiving afterwards that he was a little unhandy with one Arm, the Tyrant finiſhed the miſerable Creature, by ſhooting him through the Head with a Piſtol. After that he cauſed 250 of his Soldiers to be maſſacred, for failing in an Enterpriſe he ſent them upon, which was to poſſeſs themſelves of a Camp of the Rebels. This Prince never marches without being ſurrounded with 500 Maſagarins (Blacks) which ſerve him as the Inſtruments of his Cruelties. It is not above ten Days ago that, without any Reaſon as we know of, he barbarouſly employed theſe Miniſters of Vengeance to take away the Life of our old Governor's Son, and the Lives of four other young Lords. In ſhort he is become ſo dreadful to his Subjects, that all Shops are ſhut up in the Way he is to paſs, and every one ſeeks an Aſylum from ſo ſanguinary a Prince, who is the Butcher, rather than the Father of his People. I am weary of writing to you on ſo inhumane Crimes, and ſorry I have no more agreeable and more intereſting a Subject wherewith to entertain you. The Trade and Commerce of this Place is abſolutely ruined, for the Merchants fly a Country filled with Abominations as this is. I pray the Lord to redreſs the Wrongs it now labours under, and grant it Peace, that I may ſend you good News. I ſhall endeavour, however, to write you what ſhall come to my Hands, and be aſſured of the infinite Eſteem, with which I am, *&c.*

London, April 20. On Tueſday laſt Warrants were iſſued out, to impower the ſeveral Conſtables in England to impreſs Seamen and able-body'd Landmen for the Service of his Majeſty, and a Gratuity of twenty Shillings per Head, and Six pence per Mile travelling Charges is to be given.

April 24. By the Mail which arrived on Monday from Holland, and by another Yeſterday from Flanders, we are adviſed, That the City of Dantzick is vigorouſly attacked, and as vigorouſly defended; that the Ruſſians were determined on attacking Fort Weyſelmonde; that their Fleet was at Sea, to co-operate with their Army; and that two Foreign Miniſters were arrived in the Ruſſian Camp, to make new Propoſals for a Suſpenſion of Hoſtilities.

That the City of Cracow had been attack'd by the Poles who were repulſed with Loſs.

That Prince Eugene arrived in the Imperial Camp the 27th; that the Hanover and Heſſian Troops were preparing to march for the Rhine; and that the March of the Pruſſians thither was fixed for the 28th.

That Don Carlos's Generals are making Preparations to ſubdue the Caſtles of Naples, of Baia, and the Towns of Capua and Gaeta; for 'till he has taken theſe, his Footing in that Kingdom is but very inſecure.

April 25. It is written from Naples the 10th Inſt. N. S. That the Pretty Patchey, Cox, and the Dragon, Pearſon, which ſailed from thence the 6th for Genoa with Naval Stores, were ſtopt and detained by the Spaniſh Men of War on Pretence of their Ladings having been taken out of the Arſenal.

From Barcelona the 18th, that they were very buſy in their Preparations for an Expedition which was generally agreed to be deſign'd againſt Sicily.

Yeſterday Morning about 4 o'Clock a Fire broke out at one Mr. Perkins's, a Tallow Chandler in King Street, Weſtminiſter, which burnt with that Fierceneſs, the like was never ſeen, the Engines being there a full Hour before they could be ſupplied with Water; and in about 3 Hours conſumed 6 Houſes intirely, and damaged as many more.

The Rev. *Edward Ford*, M A. Junior Fellow of the College of *Dublin*, although a Perſon of Learning & Piety, had unfortunately given Offence to many of the Scholars: This Prejudice, however undeſerved, could never be got over, but in all Diſturbances diſcovered itſelf in ſome injurious Treatment of him, until at laſt, he fell a Sacrifice to popular Diſlike. On *Wedneſday* the 6th of laſt Month, between the Hours of twelve and one at Night, ſome Gentlemen, it is thought, in a drunken Freak, attacked his Windows: He had been often alarmed in this Manner before, and had prepared Arms for his Defence. He opened the Window, and with more Boldneſs than Prudence, diſcharged a Piſtol loaded with large Shot: The Marks are yet viſible in the Tree oppoſite to the Window where the Shot lodged. Upon this they diperſed, but ſoon after returned with Fire-arms, and began to break the Windoms anew. Mr. *Ford* notwithſtanding the Diſſuaſions of ſome Scholars, who by this Time had come to his Aſſiſtance, lifted up the Saſh, in order to fire again, but immediately received two Shots full in his Face and Breaſt. The Wounds proved mortal: He lived three Quarters of an Hour in the utmoſt Agony; towards his latter End, being refreſhed by a Draught of Water, and his Senſe of Pain growing leſs exquiſite by the Decay of his Spirits, *Tell the Scholars* (ſays he to ſome about him) *that I beg their Pardon for the Offences I may have committed againſt them, and aſſure them, that I ſincerely forgive them.*

Dublin, May 4. Wedneſday laſt their Graces the Duke and Dutcheſs of Dorſet embark'd for England. The ſame Day the Hon. Col. Hargrave's Regiment of Foot embark'd for England. Yeſterday his Grace the Lord Primate, the Rt. Hon. the Lord Finglas, Lord High Chancellor of Ireland, and the Rt. Hon. Henry Boyle, Eſq; Speaker of the Hon. Houſe of Commons, were ſworn Lords Juſtices of this Kingdom.

London, April 20. A Committee of the Houſe of Lords appointed to conſider the Laws, Trade, and Manufactures of the Plantations, have reported their Opinion; that each Colony, whether under the Crown or otherwiſe, ſhould be obliged to ſend over a compleat Collection of their Laws, and that the Crown be impowered to repeal any Law paſs'd under any of the ſaid Governments, which has not been approv'd in Council, if ſuch Law be found detrimental to the Intereſt of Great Britain, any Privilege granted by Charter or otherwiſe notwithſtanding. And that all Laws made in any of the Plantations, be tranſmitted home within twelve Months, and not to be in force till they have his Majeſty's Approbation in Council, except only ſuch Laws as may be neceſſary through any Emergency for the immediate Defence of the Country. That the Governors of Connecticut and

and Rhode-Island should take the usual Oaths of Allegiance &c. and give Security for the due observance of the Laws of Trade and Navigation, in presence of some one of the King's Governors. And that an Address be presented to his Majesty to give Directions to the Lords of Trade and Plantations to revise and consider the Proposals that may at any time have been laid before them relating to such Encouragements as may be necessary to engage the Inhabitants of the British Colonies in North America to apply their Industry to the Cultivation of Naval Stores of all Kinds, and likewise of such other Products as may be proper for the Soil of the said Colonies, and do not interfere with the Trade or Produce of Great Britain, and to lay their Observations thereon before this House at their Meeting next Sessions. And it was Ordered that the Judges prepare and and bring in a Bill upon the first three Resolutions at the Beginning of next Session, and an Address pursuant to the other be presented to his Majesty.

Charlestown S. Carolina, July 1[illegible]

Friday last arrived here a Scooner, Capt. V[illegible] from the Havanah and Harbour Island. She belongs to a Spanish Gentleman of the Havanah, who fitted her out to carry a young Lady he marry'd about 8 Months since, on a Visit to some Relations at Cape Francois; there was on board, beside the Owner and his Wife, a Captain, Mate, two Passengers, a Carpenter, Cook, 4 Mulattoes, and a French Sailor; and they sail'd from the Havanah the last of May; but 4 Days after they were at Sea, the 4 Mulattoes rose and kill'd the Captain, Mate, and one of the Passengers, upon Deck, and then going down into the Cabin, they kill'd the Owner in the Arms of his Spouse, who was 6 months gone with Child; After this they threw all Weapons overboard except what they had themselves, and ransacking the Vessel in search of the Gentleman's Money, they found 200 Pistoles and ten Bags of Silver in the Cieling of the Cabin, which they offer'd to divide with all the People on board; but none would accept any part of it, except the Carpenter. The 7th Day afterwards a Quarrel arose among the Mulattoes, about the Course, and two of them kill'd the other two by surprise, and then stood in for the neareſt Land; and coming into Harbour Island, they agreed with Capt. Vaughan to go Master of her, and carry her to one of the Cuba Islands for which he was to have 400 Pieces of eight, and a Present of the Vessel. When they were at Sea, the French Sailor by consent of the Lady, discover'd the whole Affair to Capt. Vaughan; upon which he contriv'd to take the first Opportunity of dispatching the Villains; and on the 15th past, in the Night, the Cook cut off the Head of one of the Mulattoes with an Ax, while Capt. Vaughan with a Mallet knock'd the other on the Head; but the Carpenter coming in to the Mulattoe's Rescue, got the Captain down, and the Mulatto rising stab'd him with his knife; when the Frenchman came in with a Handspike, knock'd the Mulatto down into the Hold, and secur'd the Carpenter: The Mulatto being recover'd, beg'd hard for leave to jump into the Sea, which being after some Consideration granted him, he leap'd in eagerly, and was immediately bit in halves by a Sherk, which had follow'd the Vessel 48 Hours. Then they shap'd their Course for this Place, and being arrived here, were all taken up and examined, and the Spanish Carpenter is in Irons, in order to a Tryal.

Boston, July 15. Tuesday Evening last, a Woman near the Town Dock, named *Quig*, went to Bed well, but was soon after heard to groan, and before any Relief could be had, she died.

Mr. *Edward Stanbrige* of this Town, Painter, went to Bed as well as usual on Wednesday Night, but was suddenly taken Speechless, and died the next Morning.

About the middle of last Week a Woman at the North End died suddenly: and we hear that several other Persons in this and the neighbouring Towns have died suddenly since our last, by the severity of the Season.

We have Advice from *Hingham*, That on the last Lord's Day they had most terrible Thunder and Lightning there. It was observed, that two large black Clouds, one from the North and the other from the South, met over that Town, upon which an amazing Clap of Thunder followed, with a violent Shower of Rain, and the Lightning killed a Cow and a Steer, split a great Rock, and threw large Pieces of it several Rods from the Place. The Rain came down in such Abundance, that it wash'd up the Ground in a very strange and unusual Manner. 'Tis said that several Persons were near the Place where the Damage was done, who notwithstanding the Danger received no Hurt.

The same Day a Barn was burnt at *Stoughton* by the Lightning, and we hear that much Damage has been done in several other Parts of the Country, particularly at *Marblehead*, where the Lightning struck the Mast of a Ship, and set her on Fire between Decks, and also struck several on board, who 'tis said did not receive much Hurt. We hear that some Part of the Mast was carried a great Distance from the Ship, by the Violence of the Stroke.

Custom-House, New-York, July 22. *Entered In.*

Hill from N-Providence, Tucker from Bermuda, Payton from Coracoa, Snow Elisa and Catharine, from Isle of May and Madera, Friend from Lisbon. *Entred Out.*

Currie for New-London, Waine for Boston, Sarly, and Martindale, for Perth-Amboy, Tucker for Barbadoes.

Cleared Barns to S. Carolina, Smith to Barbadoes.

Philadelphia, July 25. Tuesday last died here Mr. *John Cadwalader*, one of the Members of the Hon. House of Representatives of this Province, and was decently interred the day following.

Custom-House, Philadelphia, Entered In.

Sloop Endeavour, William Waters, from Rhode-Island.
Sloop Catherine, William Fenn, from Nevis.
Sloop Truman, John Cox, from Boston.
Sloop Edward & Eliz. Richard Todd, from Jamaica.

Entred Out.

Brigt. Sarah and Mary, Thomas Stamper, for Barbadoes.
Sloop Endeavour, William Waters, for Rhode-Island.
----- Flying Fish, Samuel Tillinghast, for Rhode-Island.
Ship Sea Flower, Oswald Peel, for Dublin.
----- Penn Gally, Edward Kirk, for Dublin.
Sloop Trueman, John Cox, for Coracoa.
Ship Alex. and Anne, Alexander Woodroop, for St. Kitts.

Cleared.

Brigt. Sea Flower, William Philips, to Bristol.
----- Mary & Mercy, James White, to South-Carolina.
Ship Three Batchelors, William Spafford, to London.
Brigt. Pennswood, William Berwick to Madeira.
Sloop Swan, Burgess Hall, to Boston.
Sloop Lovely Hannah, Alexander Hope, to South-Carolina.
----- Guernsey Lilly, Checkley Perkins to Lisbon.
Ship European, James Blythe to St. Kitts.
Ship Exchange, Nathan Cowman, to London.

Advertisements.

IN *Second Street over against the Sign of the Bible, is taught the Arts Mathematical, viz* Arithmetick *in all its Parts*, Geometry, Mensuration, Surveying, Gauging, Trigonometry, Navigation, Dialling *and* Astronomy, *the use of the* Globes *and other* Mathematical Instruments, *according to the most approv'd methods; by* Theophilus Grew. *He also teaches* Algebra *or the* Analytical Art, *with the* Laws *and* Properties *of* Motion, *a thing absolutely necessary to a right understanding of the* Modern Philosphy. *He designs, if he finds Encouragement, to make it his whole business, in order to instruct the young Gentlemen and Youth of the Town, and will give Attendance in his Room up one pair of Stairs from nine to twelve in the Morning, from two to five in the Afternoon, and from Six to Nine in the Evening, as it shall suit each ones conveniency.*

To be SOLD,

A *LIKELY young breeding Negro Woman fit for Town or Country Business, has had the small Pox; as also a Mill for grinding Malt, and a Screen for cleaning of Malt, or any other Grain; inquire of* John Danby *in* Third Street, *and know the Price; they will be sold very reasonable for ready Money.*

RUN away *July* 19, from *William Cox*, of *New Brunswick*, a Servant Man named *Stephen Parslow*, an Englishman, a Blacksmith by Trade, about 22 Years of Age, of a swarthy Complexion, down Look, short black curl'd Hair, wears a light natural Wig, Gingham Coat and Breeches, new homespun blue-strip'd Trowsers; and has taken with him a new strip'd calimanco Man's Gown, a leather Doubler, and a young black shock Dog with cut Ears, and Tail dock'd short: He may pretend by his Indentures that his Time is out. He has the Letters S. P. mark'd on his right Hand with Gunpowder. Whoever secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have *Thirty Shillings* Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by *William Cox.*

TWO *likely Negro Girls, one about* 16, *the other about* 20. *To be ſold by Capt.* Benjamin Chriſtian *in* Water-Street.

To be SOLD,

TOgether *or in Parcels, a Plantation and Tract of about* 1100 *Acres of Land, at* Horſham *in the County of* Philadelphia, 18 *Miles from the City, and within* 4 *Miles of* York *Road; having thereon* 2 *Dwelling Houſes of Stone, with a good large Barn, Stables, Orchard and Garden. There is almoſt* 130 *Acres of the Land clear'd and well improv'd with Clover and other* Engliſh *Graſs, beſides large parcels of meadowing. The whole is excellent good Land, well timbered and water'd with fine Springs. The Buildings large, elegant, and commodiously ſituate for the Reception of any Gentleman with a large Family. There is alſo near the Houſes a plentiful Run of water, fit for erecting a Mill on. Concerning the Price and Title inquire of* C. Brockden *of the City of* Philadelphia.

JOHN Hobart *who lately kept the Sun Tavern in* Water-Street, Philadelphia, *gives this Publick Notice to his Friends and others, that he is now removed to the Sign of the Coneſtogoe Waggon in* Market-Street *next Door to the* White-Horſe, *where he keeps good Entertainment for Man and Horſes at reaſonable rates, and has large Yard-Room for Waggons and Cattle, and a good Conveniency for Killing and Dreſſing of Hogs.*

Kund und zu wiſen jederman,

DAS Johan Hobart, *welher wirtſchaft in der* Waſſer-ſtraſs *gehalten, anjetzo in die* Marckſtraſſe *gezogen, welcher wirdſchaft zum* Canaltogen Wagen *genenet wird, nechſte duhr bey den* Weiſſen Roſs. *Bey welchem jeder Freund in eſſen, drincken, verplegung vor Pferd und andern benothigungen um einen billigen preiſs haben ſoll. Bey demſelben iſt gelegenheit in dem hoff vor Wägen, Pfert und Rinder, auch ein gerichtet zum ſchlachten.*

For LONDON, *directly.*

THE *Ship Jane,* John Richmond *Maſter now lying at* Fiſhbourn's *Wharff, will ſail with all Expedition.*

If any Perſon has a mind to go Paſſenger in ſaid Ship they may apply to White and Taylor, *or ſaid Maſter.*

To be SOLD,

A Plantation lying in *Nottingham* in the County of *Burlington*, and Province of *New-Jerſey*, about four Miles from *Trentown*, containing Four Hundred and Twenty Acres; about one Hundred Acres cleared and within Fence, a large Quantity of Meadowing and ſome young Apple-trees planted; it is a very convenient Place for keeping a large Stock, there being a very good Outlet, and a convenient Market. Any Perſon or Perſons that have a mind to purchaſe the ſaid Plantation, may enquire of *Mahlon Kirkbride*, living in *Pennſylvania*, about two Miles above the *Falls-Ferry*, and be informed as to the Price and Payment.

Mahlon Kirkbride.

John Hunt, Stay-Maker, is removed from *Second-Street* into *Front-Street* over-againſt the Corner of *Market-Street*, at the Houſe of *Robert Read.*

To be SOLD,

A FINE *Tract of Land* 740 *Acres, lying near* Chriſtine Bridge, *well Timber'd and water'd. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, or any part of it, may agree with the Widow* Battel *Executrix of* W. Battel *late of* New-Caſtle. *Alſo a Water Lot in the Town of* New-Caſtle *adjoining to the Free Wharff; to be diſpoſed of. Agree with Mrs.* Battel *aforeſaid.*

A FULLING-MILL *and Appurtenances in* Whitemarſh *Townſhip, to be Let, by* John Morris; *of whom enquire at ſaid Mill the Conveniences and Conditions*

CANE *Chairs of all Sorts made after the beſt & neweſt Faſhion; old Chairs caned or Holes mended (if not gone too far) at reaſonable rates, by* Nicholas Gale, *next to the Sign of the Pewter Platter in* Front-Street, Philadelphia.

RUN *away* June 27, *from* George Aſton *of the Townſhip of* Eaſt-Caln *and County of* Cheſter, *and Province of* Pennſylvania, *the following Servants*, viz.

James Cavenaugh, *an Iriſhman, a middle-ſiz'd Man, freſh-coloured, the Skin grows over the corner of one of his Eyes next to his Noſe.* Thomas Wiltſhire, *an Engliſhman, of ſhort Stature, thin Beard, and ſwarthy complexion; by Trade a Sadler, and has working-Tools with him, and Buck-skin cut out for a Woman's Saddle.* Joſiah Coaſher, *an hired Man, tall, thin and ſpare, of a ſwarthy complexion, New-England born. They have taken away with them five fine Shirts with four Buttons and four Button-holes on the collar of each Shirt; and five muſlin Stocks made to buckle; two ſtriped Jackets and three pair of Breeches all lined; three pair of white thread Stockings, and a pair of very good worſted Stockings; two muſlin Handkerchiefs, and a red ſilk One ſtriped round the Edges; and a dark-coloured Kerſey Coat, with braſs Buttons, and two felt Hats with a new ozenbrigs Wallet. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid Servants ſo that they may be had again, ſhall have* Five Pounds *Reward*, or Forty Shillings *for either of them, with reaſonable charges paid.* Note, *The two Servants* Thomas Wiltſhire *and* James Cavenaugh *have ſome wearing Apparel of their own, but 'tis ſuppoſed they will wear ſome of the above-mentioned clothes, which they have ſeloniouſly taken, with ſundry other valuable Goods too tedious to mention here*

George Aſton.

ALL *Sorts of Gold and Silver Work made and mended, alſo Gold and Silver bought, by* John Syng, *Goldſmith, in* Market-Street *over againſt the Market Houſe, next Door but one to the* Crown, *in* Philadelphia.

RUN *away Yeſterday Morning from* Samuel Hale of this City, Potter, a Servant Man named *Edward Pain*, about 26 Years of Age, of middle Stature, walks very upright with a lively Look; the Letters E. P. are marked below his Thumb, with blue, and the Effigies of Chriſt on the Croſs in the ſame Colour on the Inſide of his Arm, no Hair, but wears a Cap or a new light colour'd Wig, he is a Potter by Trade, and pretends to be a Sailor. He had on a new Caſtor Hat, a reddiſh colour'd Kerſey Coat new made, Fly-faſhion, good Leather Breeches, two new fine Shirts, and new Shoes and Stockings.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Five Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Samuel Hale.*

Philadel. June 14. 1734.

RUN away on *Friday* Night laſt from *Anthony Wilkinſon* of this City, Carver, a Servant Man named *John Nicholſon*, about 27 Years of Age, of middle Stature, ſhort brown Hair, ſwarthy Complexion, thin jaw'd, and the End of his Noſe very red. He had on a thick grey Kerſey Pea Jacket lin'd with red Shaloon, a pair of new Trowſers, an old Caſtor Hat, no Stockings, and old Shoes which had been new ſoal'd: He pretends to be a Chair-carver, and can ſpeak a little *Indian*, having lived a Twelve-month among thoſe People.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Three Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Anthony Wilkinſon.*

Philadel. June 17. 1734.

RUN away Yeſterday from *Francis Smith* of *Eveſham* in the County of *Burlington*, a Servant Man named *John Haverſach*, aged about 40 Years, of middle Stature, has had the Samall-Pox, his Complexion ruddy, brown Hair and a whitiſh Beard: He is by Birth a Palatine, but has travelled in the Armies by Land in *France, Spain, Germany, Italy, Turkey, England*, and *Scotland*, and can ſpeak their Languages; he ſpeaks *Engliſh* indifferently well. He has taken with him three Ozenbrigs Shirts, three pair of Breeches, one Ticken, one Leather, and one Ozenbrigs; one Duffel Coat between a Copper and Pearl colour, and a Camblet Coat of a reddiſh Colour, a Leather Jacket, a Felt Hat, two Pair of Shoes, and a Gun.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Francis Smith.*

Philadel. June 19. 1734.

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Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.